# **TEEN SUICIDE**

#### facts:

- -taking of the gift of life
- final-robs person of chance to make changes
- -sharp increase among teen age group-6000 a yr.- yet more old people do
- -far more females attempt, more males carry out-males-75% of suicides
- -whites have twice as many as blacks

#### causes:

- -breakup & instability of the family
- -failure in eyes of parents
- -drug & alcohol abuse
- -mental disorders
- -sexual abuse
- -friends or family attempted or committed suicide
- -society's glamorization of death
- -recent painful life changes
- -ongoing problems-parents, opposite sex, siblings, peers
- -quick fix mentality
- -breakdown of values especially respect for life
- -LOSS-death, pride, opportunity, special rel.

### myths & facts:

myth-those who talk about it never do it

- -fact-nearly every suicide victim attempts to communicate their
- -myth-those who commit suicide are mentally ill
- -fact-vast majority are not, they are depressed
- -myth-suicidal people are intent on dying
- -fact-most are undecided, gamble on others saving them
- -myth-once a person attempts suicide, shame & pain prevent further attempts
- -fact-4 out of 5 suicides were preceded by earlier attempts
- -myth-if a person looks happier, the danger is past
- -fact-most suicides occur within 3 months of improvement
- -myth-it's only a certain type of person who does it
- -fact-suicide crosses all economic & social groups
- -myth-once a person is suicidal, they'll always be
- -fact-suicide is a time-limited state of mind
- -myth-suicide runs in the family, it's unpreventable
- -fact-it's individual, yet prior ones give permission
- -myth-suicide happens with no warning
- -fact-many clues are usually given

#### warning signs:

- -suicide note
- -depression & deep sense of hopelessness
- -running away from home
- -persistent boredom, passive apathetic behavior
- -complaint about physical symptoms emotionally related-headaches,

commit suicide

pain-80% give signs

- -decline in school performance
- -preoccupation with death themes
- -radical personality & mood changes
- -verbal expression of own death
- -increased drug & alcohol abuse
- -history of physical, emotional, mental or sexual abuse
- -verbal clues & revealing statements-"I won't be a problem for you much

"nothing matters anymore"

- -sudden interest in risk-taking & dangerous activity-wreckless driving,
- owning, using weapons

longer". "it's no use",

- -self mutilation
- -anniversaries of traumatic events
- -giving away or throwing out valued possessions
- -making out a will
- -increased irritability & behavior problems
- -depression resulting from loss of important person or thing
- -history of previous suicide attempts
- -inattention to physical hygiene
- -frequent sleeping disorders or complaints
- -recent withdrawal from therapeutic treatment
- -sudden lifting of severe depression
- -rebelliousness, belligerence, violent aggressive activity
- -excessive guilt
- -loss of pleasure in life
- -excessive fantasy life
- -compulsive behaviors
- -loss of interest in previously enjoyed activities
- -noticeable changes in sleep & appetite patterns
- -increased social withdrawal
- -less interest in loss of, or lack of friends
- -history of disabilities & failure
- -fear of separation
- -inability to concentrate

## how to help:

- -don't act as though it isn't serious
- -active listen-show you care & are concerned
- -emphasize temporary nature of most problems suicide is a permanent solution to a short-term problem
- -to determine degree of risk ask direct questions -"do you have a plan?
- -if you feel their life is at stake don't promise to keep the conversation a secret
- -reassure them that suicidal thoughts are not abnormal, merely unhelpful- 75% of all teens think about it
- -define & clarify problems & solutions
- -remember you don't have to have all the answers
- -avoid provoking further guilt
- -contact police, professional assistance or responsible adult if remove all lethal objects

immediate danger &

- -help them arrive at plan of action to solve problem
- -get them to promise to not commit suicide
- -stay calm & understanding
- -avoid minimizing the situation
- -encourage the sharing of feelings
- -emphasize better alternatives to suicide
- -make sure the problem will truly be solved
- -set up a future meeting to evaluate progress
- -call nat. teen suicide hot line 800-621-4000 or a local support person
- -pray for & with your friend