

Strategies for Managing Conflict

There are several approaches to conflict management, each having its own benefits. In small groups, however, the strategies of compromise & collaboration are probably the most effective.

Avoidance

Avoidance is effective to use with conflict when

- * the issue is trivial
- * the situation will take care of itself
- * time is limited
- * saving face (yours or someone else's) is important

Avoidance is not effective to use with conflict when

- * the problem is important
- * the problem will not resolve itself & may worsen if neglected
- * credibility would be lost by avoidance
- * there is a larger, underlying issue that is important to address

Competition

Competition would be an effective strategy when

- * the issue outweighs the relationship
- * a competitive interaction would result in a better solution
- * encouraging competition will clarify the issue and expose weak spots
- * you want one person to prevail over another but you cannot declare your opinion publicly

Competition is not an effective strategy when

- * long-term relationships are important
- * conflict is likely to become personal rather than remaining issue-oriented
- * it is important to avoid a win-lose situation or public defeat

Accommodation

Accommodation is effective to use with conflict when

- * the relationship is more important than the task
- * the issue is trivial
- * small concessions will reap further gains (i.e., choose your battles)

Accommodation is not an effective strategy to use with conflict when

- * your actions could be interpreted as being condescending
- * its use would set an unwise precedent

Compromise

Compromise is an effective strategy to use when

- * there is no simple solution
- * both parties have strong interest in very different facets of the problem
- * there is not enough time for a truly collaborative solution
- * the situation is not critical and an adequate solution is good enough

Compromise is not effective to use when

- * a dangerous precedent would be set by failure to hold one's ground
- * an optimal resolution is possible
- * it is important to avoid concessions of any kind

Collaboration

Collaboration is an effective strategy to use when

- * the task and the relationship are both very important
- * the time, information, & willingness to collaborate are present
- * the outcome is exceedingly important
- * sufficient trust exists between the parties

Collaboration is not effective to use when

- * time, trust, and resources are not available
- * the issue is not worthy of the investment of time, energy, and resources